Sept 2022



Overview of skills by Year – Whole School Reading Coverage - Reception to Year 6

	Word Reading	Comprehension
EYFS - ELG	 say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. 	 demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.
Year 1	 apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s) read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words 	 develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics, recognising and joining in with predictable phrases learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by: drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading discussing the significance of the title and events making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done, predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.

Sept 2022



Ē	• re-read these books to build up their fluency and	
	confidence in word reading.	
Year 2 Year	 read accurately most words of two or more syllables read most words containing common suffixes* read most common exception words* In age-appropriate books, the pupil can: read most words accurately without overt sounding and blending, and sufficiently fluently to allow them to focus on their understanding rather than on decoding individual words sound out most unfamiliar words accurately, without undue hesitation. Approximately 90 words words per minute is a good indicator of when children start to read with sufficient fluency to focus on their understanding, but some pupils read slower than this while still being able to do so apply their growing knowledge of root words, 	 develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and •=non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways erecognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry discussing their favourite words and phrases continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done answering and asking questions predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say
3 and	prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology)	

Sep	t 2022	St Margaret's Academy
Year 4	as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet • read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and also where these occur in the word.	 Istening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks Ireading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes Istening dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read Istening their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally Istenting poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action Istenting the meaning of words they can read independently, by: Istenting the meaning of words in context Istenting the meaning of more their understanding of a text Istenting the meaning of more their understanding of a text Istenting the meaning of more their understanding and summarising these Istentifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning Istentifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning Istentifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning Istentifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning Istentifying to more they context are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.
Year 5	• apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.	 maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes



Sept	2022	Academy
Year 6	 read age- appropriate books with confidence and fluency (including whole novels) read aloud with intonation that shows 	• increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions
		from other cultures and traditions • recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices • identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing • making comparisons within and across books • learning a wider range of poetry by heart • preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience • checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context • asking questions to improve their understanding • drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence • predicting what might happen from details stated and implied • summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas • identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
		 discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader distinguish between statements of fact and opinion retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary provide reasoned justifications for their views.