Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Why do Hindus want to B Make sense of belief: • Identify and explain Hindu b samsara, moksha, using tech • Give meanings for the story explain how it relates to Hindu beliefs etc. Understand the impact: • Make clear connections be dharma, karma, samsara and moksha live	eliefs, e.g. <i>dharma, karma,</i> nical terms accurately of the man in the well and about <i>samsara, moksha,</i> ween Hindu beliefs about and ways in which Hindus s of life and the four stages of <i>rma, moksha,</i> etc. s to show how Hindus put t ways Hindu beliefs studied (e.g. v and why they are important pat impact belief in <i>karma</i> and	2b.2CREATION/ FALL: Creation & Science - Conflict or Complimentary? Make sense of belief: • Identify what type of text some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose • Taking account of the context, suggest what Genesis 1 might mean, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret it, showing awareness of different interpretations Understand the impact: • Make clear connections between Genesis 1 and Christian belief about God as Creator • Show understanding of why many Christians find science and faith go together Make connections: • Identify key ideas arising from their study of Genesis 1 and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses • Weigh up how far the Genesis 1 creation narrative is in conflict, or is complementary, with a scientific account, giving good reasons for their views.	OR 2b.7: SALVATION: What difference does the resurrection make to Christians? Easter Make sense of belief: • Outline the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it • Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus' death was a sacrifice Understand the impact: • Make clear connections between the Christian belief in Jesus' death as a sacrifice and how Christians celebrate Holy Communion/Lord's Supper • Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways Make connections: • Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today • Articulate their own responses to the idea of sacrifice, recognising different points of view.	<ul> <li>2b.3 PEOPLE OF GOD: How can following God bring freedom and Justice?</li> <li>Make sense of belief:</li> <li>Explain connections between biblical texts and the concept of the kingdom of God</li> <li>Consider different possible meanings for the biblical texts studied, showing awareness of different interpretations</li> <li>Understand the impact:</li> <li>Make clear connections between belief in the kingdom of God and how Christians put their beliefs into practice</li> <li>Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways</li> <li>Make connections:</li> <li>Relate the Christian 'kingdom of God' model (i.e. loving others, serving the needy) to issues, problems and opportunities in the world today</li> <li>Articulate their own responses to the idea of the importance of love and service in the world today.</li> </ul>	How does faith help people when life gets hard? Make sense of belief: • Describe at least three examples of ways in which religions guide people in how to respond to good and hard times in life • Identify beliefs about life after death in at least two religious traditions, comparing and explaining similarities and differences Understand the impact: • Make clear connections between what people believe about God and how they respond to challenges in life (e.g. suffering, bereavement) • Give examples of ways in which beliefs about resurrection/ judgement/heaven/karma/reincarnatio n make a difference to how someone lives Make connections: • Interpret a range of artistic expressions of afterlife, offering and explaining different ways of understanding these • Offer a reasoned response to the unit question, with evidence and example, expressing insights of their own.

Key Disciplinary skills		
Synthesising – in RE this includes abilities such as:		
linking significant features of religion together in a cohere	ent pattern	
connecting different aspects of life into a meaningful wh	ole	
making links between religion and human experience, in	cluding the pupil's own experience	
Evaluating – in RE this includes abilities such as:		
• debating issues of religious significance with reference to	o experience, evidence and argument	
• weighing the respective claims of self-interest, considera	ation for others, religious teaching and in	dividual conscience
drawing conclusions which are balanced, and related to	evidence, dialogue and experience.	
Skills		
identify and explain the core beliefs and concepts studied, using examples from texts/sources of	make clear connection)between what people believe and how they	make connections between the beliefs and practices studied, evaluating and explaining their importance to
authority	live, individually and in	different people (e.g. believers and atheists)
in religions (INVESTIGATING & EXPRESSING	communities(APPLYING)	(SYNTHESISING & EVALUATING)
describe examples of ways in which people use	using evidence and examples,	reflect on and articulate lessons
texts/sources of authority to make sense of core	show	people might gain from the beliefs/
beliefs and concepts (REFLECTING)	how and why people put their	practices studied, including their own
benets and concepts (NET LEGTING)	beliefs	responses, recognising that others
give meanings for texts/sources of authority	into practice in different ways,	may think differently (EMPATHISING &
studied, comparing these	e.g. indifferent communities,	ANALYSING)
ideas with some ways in which	denominations or cultures	
believers interpret texts/sources of authority	(DISCERNING &	consider and weigh up how ideas
(INTERPRETING)	SYNTHESISING)	studied relate to their own
		experiences and experiences of the
		world today, developing insights of
		their own and giving good reasons
		for the views they have and the
		connections they make (DISCERNING)

Year 6