Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Who do Christians say made the world? Make sense of belief: • Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2:3 simply • Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible • Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world Understand the impact: • Give at least one example of what Christians do to say 'thank you' to God for Creation Make connections: • Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world • Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make between the Jewish/Christian Creation story and the world they live in.	What does it mean to belong to a faith community? Make sense of beliefs: • Recognise that loving others is important in lots of communities • Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people Understand the impact: • Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish or Muslim welcome ceremony, and suggest what the actions and symbols mean • Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Jewish and non-religious) Make connections: • Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities, responding sensitively to differences • Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas.	What do Christians believe God is like? Make sense of belief: • Identify what a parable is • Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the Christian idea of God as a forgiving Father • Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians Understand the impact: • Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving (e.g. by saying sorry, by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others) • Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship (e.g. by saying sorry to God) Make connections: • Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas • Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make.	<ul> <li>Who is Jewish and how t</li> <li>Make sense of belief:</li> <li>Recognise the words of the SI</li> <li>Retell simply some stories use (e.g. Chanukah)</li> <li>Give examples of how the storie (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah) remin</li> <li>Understand the impact:</li> <li>Give examples of how Jewish (e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot, Chanuka)</li> <li>Make links between Jewish id and how people live</li> <li>Give an example of how some God in different ways (e.g. mazu Make connections:</li> <li>Talk about what they think is g praising and remembering for Jereason for their ideas</li> <li>Give a good reason for their ic thanking, praising and remember them too.</li> </ul>	hema as a Jewish prayer ad in Jewish celebrations ries used in celebrations id Jews about what God is like people celebrate special times ah) eas of God found in the stories a Jewish people might remember <i>uzah</i> , on Shabbat) good about reflecting, thanking, ewish people, giving a good deas about whether reflecting,	How do we car for others and the world and why does that matter? Make sense of belief: • Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable • Give an example of a key belief some people find in one of these stories (e.g. that God loves all people) • Give a clear, simple account of what Genesis 1 tells Christians and Jews about the natural world Understand the impact: • Give an example of how people show that they care for others (e.g. by giving to charity), making a link to one of the stories • Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth • Say why Christians and Jews might look after the natural world Make connections: • Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world

		<ul> <li>Give good reasons why</li> </ul>
		everyone (religious and
		non-religious)
		should care for others and
		look after the natural world.

<ul> <li>Key Disciplinary Skill</li> <li>Reflecting – in RE this includes abilities such as:</li> <li>reflecting on religious beliefs and practices and u</li> <li>reflecting upon feelings, relationships, and exper</li> <li>thinking and speaking carefully about religious and</li> </ul>	iences	
Begin to identify core beliefs and concepts studied and give a simple <b>description</b> of what they mean. (INVESTIGATING) With support give examples of how stories show what people believe (e.g. the meaning behind a festival) To give some clear, simple accounts of what stories and other texts mean to believers (INTERPRETING)	With support give examples of how people use stories, texts and teachings to guide their beliefs and actions (INTERPRETING) give simple examples of ways in which believers put their beliefs into practice (REFLECTING)	Have opportunities to think, talk and ask questions about whether the ideas they have been studying, have something to say to them (INVESTIGATE & EXPRESSING) give a simple reason for the views they have and the connections they make (APPLYING)